

EAT HEALTHY

GRAINS

Eat 6 ounces everyday! 3 of those ounces should be whole grain.

DAIRY

Have more fat-free or low-fat dairy products. If you're lactose intolerant, eat dark green vegetables for calcium!

VEGETABLES

Eat more dark green vegetables, like kale or broccoli. These contain glucosinolates which can combat cancer! Alsways consume 2 and a 1/2 cups everyday.

FRUIT

Can be consumed fresh, frozen, blended, however you want. Although, fresh fruit is always best. Always consume 1-2 cups everday.

PROTEIN

Always consume white meat more than other colors. This is the most lean and will provide the most protein while keeping fats minimal.

FATS

Avoid "solid" fats like butter and oil. Consuming an excess amount of these can lead to developing an excessive amount of fat. Keep saturated fats and sodiums to a minimum!

A Healthy Habit: Read Food Labels

Scan the Nutrition Facts panel on packages to evaluate what's inside and compare the nutrient value of foods.

Start Here

Serving Size is the amount of food the nutrient information is based on. Calories is the amount of "energy" in that serving. Adjust the amount of calories and nutrients if your serving size is different.

Limit all types of fat, especially saturated and trans fat which are linked to health problems.

Most of the fat you eat should be unsaturated.

In general, the greater the difference between "total carbohydrate" and "sugars," the more nutritious the carbohydrate.

Most people should get 50-75 grams of protein daily.

Percent Daily Values are based on eating 2,000 calories a day.

Active teens may need more.

Most children, women and older adults need less.

2,500 calorie diets for more active teens and adults.

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size: 6 crackers (28g) Servings Per Container: About 13

Amount Per Serving

Calories 120

Calories from Fat 40

% Daily Value*

13%

Total Fat 4.5g
Saturated Fat 0.5g
Trans Fat 0g
Polyunsaturated Fat 2.5g
Monounsaturated Fat 1.5g
Cholesterol 0mg
Sodium 180mg
Total Carbohydrate 19g
6%

Total Carbohydrate 19g

Dietary Fiber 3g

Sugars 0g

Protein 3g

Vitamin A	0%	Vitamin C	0%
Calcium	0%	Iron	8%

Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs.

	Calories:	2,000	2,500
Total Fat Sat. Fat Cholesterol Sodium Total Carbohydrate Dietary Fiber	Less than Less than Less than Less than	65g 20g 300mg 2,400mg 300g 25g	80g 25g 300mg 2,400mg 375g 30g

Calories per gram:

Fat 9 • Carbohydrate 4

Protein 4

If food gets a lot of its calories from fat, eat sparingly. Total fat intake should be <u>no more than</u> 30% of total calories.

Percentages show whether the nutrients in one serving contribute a lot or a little to your total daily intake—5% or less is "a little" and 20% or more is "a lot."

Limit These

Too much fat, cholesterol and sodium contribute to health problems (refer to "less than" recommendations in footnotes).

Get More of These

Carbohydrates should be 55-60%+ of total daily calories.

Get more natural than added sugars (check ingredients).

"Get enough" of nutrients beneficial to good health, such as vitamins A and C, minerals calcium and iron, and fiber.

Footnotes

Not specific to the food, and not required on label.

The amount of each nutrient recommended daily.

The amount of calories in fat, carbohydrate and protein (fat has more than double).

Manufacturers are not required to show nutrition information on packages with less than 12 square inches available for labeling. However, they must print an address or phone number so you can obtain the information.